

THIRD QUARTERLY ACCOUNTS 2018-2019 (UN - AUDITED)

UMER GROUP OF COMPANIES

BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED

VISION

A leader company maintaining an excellent level of ethical and professional standards.



MISION STATEMENT

To become a top quality manufacturer of textile products in the local & international markets.

Directors' Review

On behalf of the board of directors of Blessed Textiles Limited, I am presenting the unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2019.

Significant financial performance of the nine months ended March 31, 2019;

Profit after tax for the nine months ended March 31, 2019 is PKR 357.223 million as compared to PKR 264.613 million for the corresponding period ended March 31, 2018.

Earnings per share for the nine months ended March 31, 2019 is PKR 55.54 (PKR 41.14; March 2018).

Break-up value of the share as on March 31, 2019 is PKR 538.10 (PKR 505.57; June 2018).

Upcoming view of textile sector

There has been a lackluster performance of the cotton production and its acreage in the country have been declining steadily over the years. A bumper crop of 15.000 million bales was cultivated in 2011-12, which declined to about 14.000 million bales in 2014-15 and further to 9.9 million bales in 2015-16. It recovered somewhat to 11.9 million bales in 2017-18 but is again estimated to decline to little over 10 million bales during the current year, showing a steep fall of 5 million bales over the last seven years. According to the latest figures issued by the Pakistan Cotton Ginners Association (PCGA), cotton production up to 1st January, 2019 stood at 10.800 million bales as compared to 11.108 million bales in the corresponding period of last year. Notably, the fall in Sindh was less pronounced than Punjab despite severe shortage in water availability in the former province of Sindh at the initial stages of cotton crop. The major reasons for the fall in cotton production over the years have been declining areas under cotton cultivation, pest attacks, inadequate investment in breeding quality and variety of cotton seeds, outputs of inferior quality, excessive contamination in cotton produce and lower water availability.

There has been a decline of almost 34.44% in the cultivated area during 2011-12 to 2018-19 and the consistent decline in cotton output for an agriculture focused country like Pakistan is not a good sign and may pose some serious threats for the overall economy of the country, in particular cotton which one of the major cash crops for the farmers and the shortfall would obviously depress the farmers' standards of living. Besides, absorbing a bulk of labour force both in the urban and rural areas of the country and is a major foreign exchange earner and stimulates growth in other sectors.

Unfortunately, the output of cotton production has been even less than domestic textile industry's needs of 13.2 million bales in most of the years, necessitating imports in large quantities and expenditure of precious amount of foreign exchange. Two key factors seem to have contributed to this poor performance. Firstly, attractive profitability of competing crops has led to shifting in area under cotton cultivation over the last several years. Secondly, per hectare yield of cotton continues to be poor, inducing farmers to cultivate other crops.

We strongly emphasized the present government to existing policy toward textile needs radical changes to enhance cotton production as per industry requirement of the country.

Acknowledgement

The Board highly appreciates the contribution of employees, bankers, corporate regulators, stakeholders and other government authorities for their continuous support.

On behalf of the Board

Mohammad Amin

(Chief Executive)

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2019

	Note	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital 6,500,000 (June 30, 2018: 6,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		65,000,000	65,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital General reserve Accumulated profits		64,320,000 3,000,000,000 396,770,230	64,320,000 3,000,000,000 187,484,648
TOTAL EQUITY		3,461,090,230	3,251,804,648
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term finances - secured Deferred liabilities	6	1,669,061,830 563,987,445	1,543,019,632 529,948,362
		2,233,049,275	2,072,967,994
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued interest/markup/profit Short term borrowings - secured Current portion of non-current liabilities		416,736,446 5,045,842 45,224,645 2,551,796,382 376,115,426	487,985,016 3,877,973 38,781,113 3,146,462,335 303,439,273
		3,394,918,741	3,980,545,710
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,627,968,016	6,053,513,704
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	7		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		9,089,058,246	9,305,318,352

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2019

	Note	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	3,836,443,416	3,595,552,344
Long term deposits - unsecured, considered good		14,394,095	14,144,095
		3,850,837,511	3,609,696,439
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools		93,763,127	71,765,436
Stock in trade		3,339,792,508	3,893,102,492
Trade debts		905,680,690	926,183,117
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		154,089,236	150,108,121
Sales tax refundable		193,686,827	180,087,987
Advance income tax		343,816,590	334,546,794
Cash and bank balances		207,391,757	139,827,966
		5,238,220,735	5,695,621,913
TOTAL ASSETS		9,089,058,246	9,305,318,352

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

DIRECTOR
MOHAMMAD SALIM

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CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	-	Nine month	ended	Three mont	h ended
	Note	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Sales - net		8,769,233,769	7,518,013,765	3,152,080,374	2,718,236,580
Cost of sales		7,749,788,809	6,766,482,890	2,758,985,497	2,432,735,022
Gross profit	=	1,019,444,960	751,530,875	393,094,877	285,501,558
Selling and distribution expenses		169,139,224	153,216,273	63,810,102	62,178,562
Administrative and general expenses		96,283,028	88,352,644	34,185,437	28,256,995
		265,422,252	241,568,917	97,995,539	90,435,557
	_	754,022,708	509,961,958	295,099,338	195,066,001
Other income		4,408,365	2,774,354	1,830,480	939,817
Operating profit	_	758,431,073	512,736,312	296,929,818	196,005,818
Finance cost	Γ	265,837,860	127,556,505	97,707,225	48,434,982
Other charges		33,959,281	26,590,953	13,672,137	10,127,410
		299,797,141	154,147,458	111,379,362	58,562,392
Profit before taxation	-	458,633,932	358,588,854	185,550,456	137,443,426
Provision for taxation	9	101,412,350	93,975,172	36,222,863	33,977,957
Profit after taxation	-	357,221,582	264,613,682	149,327,593	103,465,469
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	_	55.54	41.14	23.22	16.09

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	Nine mont	Nine month ended		th ended	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Profit after taxation	357,221,582	264,613,682	149,327,593	103,465,469	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	357,221,582	264,613,682	149,327,593	103,465,469	

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	Share capital	Revenue r	eserves	
	Issued subscribed and paid-up capital	General reserve	Accumulated profit	Total equity
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at July 01, 2017 - Audited	64,320,000	2,800,000,000	108,958,561	2,973,278,561
Comprehensive income				
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income		-	264,613,682	264,613,682 -
	-	-	264,613,682	264,613,682
Transaction with owners				
Final dividend @ 153% i.e. Rs. 15.30 per ordinary share	-	-	(98,409,564)	(98,409,564)
Balance as at March 31, 2018 - Un-audited	64,320,000	2,800,000,000	275,162,679	3,139,482,679
Balance as at April 01, 2018 - Un-audited	64,320,000	2,800,000,000	275,162,679	3,139,482,679
Comprehensive income				
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income			103,861,512 8,460,457	103,861,512 8,460,457
Total comprehensive income	-	-	112,321,969	112,321,969
Transaction with owners				
Profit transferred to general reserve	-	200,000,000	(200,000,000)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2018 - Audited	64,320,000	3,000,000,000	187,484,648	3,251,804,648
Balance as at July 01, 2018 - Audited	64,320,000	3,000,000,000	187,484,648	3,251,804,648
Comprehensive income				
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income			357,221,582 -	357,221,582 -
Total comprehensive income	-	-	357,221,582	357,221,582
Transaction with owners				
Final dividend @ 230% i.e. Rs. 23 per ordinary share	-	-	(147,936,000)	(147,936,000)
Balance as at March 31, 2019 - Un-audited	64,320,000	3,000,000,000	396,770,230	3,461,090,230

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

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DIRECTOR

MOHAMMAD SALIM

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	Nine mon	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018 Rupees
	Rupees	Rupees
ASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
rofit before taxation	458,633,932	358,588,854
djustments for non-cash and other items		
Finance cost	265,837,860	127,556,505
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,945	(431,791)
Provision for employees retirement benefits	27,630,000	25,430,000
Depreciation	274,719,000	289,938,000
	568,190,805	442,492,714
perating profit before changes in working capital	1,026,824,737	801,081,568
hanges in working capital		
Stores, spares and loose tools	(21,997,691)	(14,861,042
Stock in trade	553,309,984	(874,554,532
Trade debts	20,502,427	(184,608,872
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(3,981,115)	(8,541,262
Sales tax refundable	(13,598,840)	72,250,163
Trade and other payables	(71,248,570)	152,732,515 25,805,713
Long term payables	28,523,964 491,510,159	(831,777,317
et cash generated from operations	1,518,334,896	(30,695,749
·	1,510,554,690	(50,095,749)
ayments for:		
Employees retirement benefits	(22,114,881)	(18,128,754
Interest/markup/profit	(259,394,328)	(124,275,910
Income tax	(110,682,146)	(53,300,047
let cash generated from operating activities	1,126,143,541	(226,400,460
ASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure	(526,221,017)	(76,889,503
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	10,607,000	1,250,000
ong term deposit paid	(250,000)	-
et cash used in investing activities	(515,864,017)	(75,639,503)
ASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
ong term finances obtained	413,075,283	28,868,000
Repayment of long term finances	(214,356,932)	(150,728,532
let (decrease)/increase in short term borrowings	(594,665,953)	655,795,982
ividend paid	(146,768,131)	(97,784,029
et cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(542,715,733)	436,151,421
IET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	67,563,791	134,111,458
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	139,827,966	35,442,494
ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	207,391,757	
AOU AND GAOU ENGIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	201,391,131	169,553,952

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements. 71.A.S.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN

Karachi: April 25, 2019

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Blessed Textiles Limited ['the Company'] was incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of yarn and woven fabric, however, it is also engaged in the generation of electricity for self consumption. The registered office of the Company is situated at Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi. The manufacturing facility is located at 18 KM, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura Road, District Sheikhupura in the Province of Punjab.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim financial statements are un-audited and has been presented in condensed form and do not include all the information as is required to be provided in a full set of annual financial statements. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprises of:

- International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting, issued by International Accounting Standards Board [IASB] as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value, certain financial liabilities at amortized cost and employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the statement of cash flows, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual

2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgements are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

2.4 Functional currency

These interim financial statements are prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional currency.

2.5 Date of authorisation for issue

These interim financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue on April 25, 2019.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

3 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE PERIOD.

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective in the current period but, unless specified otherwise, are either not relevant to the Company or their application does not have any material impact on the interim financial statements of the Company other than presentation and disclosures.

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 provides a single, principles based five-step model to be applied to all contracts with customer.

- Identify the contract with customer.
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- Determine the transaction price.
- Allocate the transaction price to the performace obligations in the contracts.
- Recognized revenuew when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Clarifications to IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers have been amended to clarify three aspects of the standard (identifying performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, and licensing) and to provide some transition relief for modified contracts and completed contracts.

IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advances Consideration

The interpretation addresses the determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. It specifically considers:

- Whether tax treatments should be considered collectively
- Assumptions for taxation authorities' examinations
- The determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- The effect of changes in facts and circumstances

Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (Amendments to IFRS 2 - Share-based Payment)

IFRS 2 - Share-based Payment have been amended to clarify the standard in relation to the accounting for cash-settled share-based payment transactions that include a performance condition, the classification of share-based payment transactions with net settlement features, and the accounting for modifications of share-based payment transactions from cash-settled to equity-settled.

Applying IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts (Amendments to IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts)

IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts have been amended to provide two options for entities that issue insurance contracts within the scope of IFRS 4:

- an option that permits entities to reclassify, from profit or loss to other comprehensive income, some of the income or expenses arising from designated financial assets; this is the so-called overlay approach;
- an optional temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 for entities whose predominant activity is issuing contracts within the scope of IFRS 4; this is the so-called deferral approach

The application of both approaches is optional and an entity is permitted to stop applying them before the new insurance contracts standard is applied.

Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 - Investment Property)

IAS 40 - Investment Property have following amendments:

- Paragraph 57 have been amended to state that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is evidence of a change in use. A change of use occurs if property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property. A change in management's intentions for the use of a property by itself does not constitute evidence of a change in use.
- The list of examples of evidence in paragraph 57(a) (d) is now presented as a non-exhaustive list of examples instead of the previous exhaustive list.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle (IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards and IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)

Annual improvements makes amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 1 Deletes the short-term exemptions in paragraphs E3–E7 of IFRS 1, because they have now served their intended purpose.
- IAS 28 Clarifies that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organisation, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition.

4 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS NOT YET EFFECTIVE.

	Effective date (reporting period / year ended on or after)
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments (2014)	June 30, 2019
	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 16 - Leases (2016)	January 01, 2019
IFRS 17 - Insurance contracts (2017)	January 01, 2021
Sale or contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures).	Deferred Indefinitely
IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 01, 2019
Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments)	January 01, 2019
Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)	January 01, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle	January 01, 2019
Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19 - Employee Benefits)	January 01, 2019
Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 01, 2020
Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3 - Business Combinations)	January 01, 2020
Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards and IAS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates	January 01, 2020

Other than afore mentioned standards, interpretations and amendments, IABS has also issued the following standards which have not been notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ['SECP']:

IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 14 - Regulatory Defferal Accounts

IFRS 17 - Insurance contracts (2017)

and Errors)

The Company intends to adopt these new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments on their effective dates, subject to, where required, notification by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 225 of the Companies Act, 2017 regarding their adoption. The management anticipates that the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements other than in presentation/disclosures.

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

Finalised version of IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: *Recognition and Measurement* which contains accounting requirement for financial instruments, replacing IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: *Recognition and Measurement*. The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- Classification and measurement: Financial assets are classified by reference to the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to the measurement of an entity's own credit risk.
- **Impairment:** The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before a credit loss is recognised.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

- **Hedge accounting:** Introduces a new hedge accounting model that is designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake risk management activities when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposures.
- Derecognition: The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

5 ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND METHODS OF COMPUTATION

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

		March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
6	DEFERRED LIABILITIES		
	Employees retirement benefits	131,572,063	126,056,944
	Long term payables - Excise and Taxation	87,170,946	73,370,210
	Long term payables - Gas Infrastructure Development Cess	128,173,539	113,450,311
	Deferred taxation	217,070,897	217,070,897
		563,987,445	529,948,362

7 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

7.1 Contingencies

- 7.1.1 Bills discounted/negotiated as at the reporting date amount to Rs. 1,224.776 million (June 30, 2018: Rs. 613.268 million).
- **7.1.2** There is no significant change in the status of remaining contingencies since June 30, 2018.

7.2 Commitments

	Note	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
7.2.1	Commitments under irrevocable letters of credit:	2,391,751,650	1,737,206,382

8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	8.1	3,320,332,442 516,110,974	3,592,585,178 2,967,166
		3,836,443,416	3,595,552,344

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

				Note	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
					Rupees	Rupees
					(Un-audited)	(Audited)
8.1	Operating fixed assets					
	Net book value at the beginning of the per Additions during the period/year	riod/yea	r		3,592,585,178	3,868,751,584
	Freehold land				-	2,601,500
	Factory buildings				-	46,250,418
	Plant and machinery				-	47,065,682
	Equipment and other assets				-	10,734,409
	Electric installation				-	430,000
	Furniture and fixtures				396,000	300,000
	Office equipments				-	1,254,876
	Vehicles				12,681,209	8,386,850
					13,077,209	117,023,735
	Net book value of assets disposed during	the per	iod/year		(10,610,945)	(6,525,531)
	Depreciation for the period/year				(274,719,000)	(386,664,610)
	Net book value at the end of the period/ye	ear			3,320,332,442	3,592,585,178
		_	Nine Mont	n ended	Three mon	th ended
	N	lote	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
			Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
			(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)
			((On Haditod)	(On Madrida)	(en riadited)
9	PROVISION FOR TAXATION		(**************************************	(on ridated)	(on riadical)	(en riadilea)
9			, , , , , ,	(en riddices)	(en riadices)	(e., / leanes)
9	Provision for taxation	9.1	·	, , ,	, ,	, ,
9	Provision for taxation Current taxation	9.1 9.2	101,412,350 -	93,975,172	36,222,863 -	33,977,957
9	Provision for taxation Current taxation		·	, , ,	, ,	, ,

- 9.1 Provision for current tax has been in accordance with the requiements of section 113 and 169 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 9.2 No provision for deferred tax has been made as the impact of the same is considered immaterial.

10 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties from the Company's perspective comprise associated companies and key management personnel. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, and includes the Chief Executive and Directors of the Company. The details of Company's related parties, with whom the Company had transactions during the period or has balances outstanding as at the reporting date are as follows:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship	Aggregate %age of shareholding in the Company
Faisal Spinning Mills Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	18.49%
Bhanero Textiles Mills Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	N/A
Bhanero Energy Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	N/A
Admiral (Private) Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	N/A
Mohammad Amin	Key management personnel	Chief executive officer	4.39%
Adil Shakeel	Key management personnel	Director	6.91%
Mohammad Shaheen	Kev management personnel	Director	1.07%

Transactions with key management personnel are limited to payment of short term employee benefits only. The Company in the normal course of business carries out various transactions with associated companies and continues to have a policy whereby all such transactions are carried out on commercial terms and conditions which are equivalent to those prevailing in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of transaction.

There are no balances with related parties as at the reporting date. Names, basis of relationship, details of transactions with associated undertakings & related parties is as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

		-	Nine month ended		Quarter ended	
			March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
			Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
			(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)
10.1	Transactions with rela	ted parties				
	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction				
	Associated companies	Purchases	226,125,697	404,380,543	88,984,308	165,715,192
		Sales	973,552,048	874,731,696	306,502,233	266,536,372
		Service received	231,750	231,750	77,250	77,250
		Purchase of electricity	102,325,174	509,204,715	16,223,982	186,324,220
	Key management personnel		17,550,000	17,550,000	5,850,000	5,850,000

11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:

	Note	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
Financial assets			
Cash in hand		218,683	-
Loans and receivables			
Long term deposits		14,394,095	14,144,095
Trade debts		905,680,690	926,183,117
Advances to employees		17,564,645	9,184,188
Security deposits		86,738,499	70,026,650
Bank balances		207,391,757	139,827,966
		1,231,769,686	1,159,366,016
		1,231,988,369	1,159,366,016
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Long term finances		2,045,177,256	1,846,458,905
Short term borrowings		2,551,796,382	3,146,462,335
Accrued interest/markup		45,224,645	38,781,113
Trade creditors		118,089,962	225,895,934
Accrued liabilities		231,872,855	203,440,186
Unclaimed dividend		5,045,842	3,877,973
		4,997,206,942	5,464,916,446

12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

12.1 Financial Instruments

There are no recurring or non-recurring fair value measurements as at the reporting date. The management considers the carrying amount of all the financial instruments to approximate their fair values.

12.2 Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments.

None of the assets and liabilities other than financial instruments are measured at fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

13 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has two reportable segments, which offer different products and are managed separately. The following summary describes the operations in each of the company's reportable segments.

Reportable segment Principal activity

Spinning Manufacture and sale of yarn
Weaving Manufacture and sale of woven fabric

Information about operating segments is as follows:

	•	Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2019				
	•	Spinning Rupees (Un-audited)	Weaving Rupees (Un-audited)	Total Rupees (Un-audited)		
Revenue from external customers		6,395,854,796	2,373,378,973	8,769,233,769		
Inter-segment transfers	•	208,758,620	-	208,758,620		
Segment results	;	491,816,940	266,614,133	758,431,073		
		Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2018				
	•	Spinning	Weaving	Total		
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
		(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)		
Revenue from external customers		5,536,852,929	1,981,160,836	7,518,013,765		
Inter-segment transfers	•	171,466,393	-	171,466,393		
Segment results		332,692,181	180,044,131	512,736,312		
		As at March	n 31. 2019			
	Spinning	Weaving	Un-allocated	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)		
Segment assets	6,854,767,419	1,876,080,142	358,210,685	9,089,058,246		
		As at March 31, 2018				
	Spinning	Weaving	Un-allocated	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)		
Segment assets	7,294,516,948	1,662,110,515	348,690,889	9,305,318,352		
		As at March 31, 2019				
	Spinning	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)		
Segment liabilities	553,651,769	159,485,278	4,914,830,969	5,627,968,016		
	As at June 30, 2018					
	Spinning	Weaving	Un-allocated	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)		
Segment liabilities	501,257,156	256,037,021	5,296,219,527	6,053,513,704		

14 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant events after the reporting period that may require adjustment of and/or disclosure in these interim financial statements.

15 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these interim financial statements.

16 GENERAL

- **16.1** There are no other significant activities since June 30, 2018 affecting the interim financial statements.
- 16.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE MOHAMMAD AMIN Karachi: April 25, 2019 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
ABDUL BASIT JANJUA

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DIRECTOR

MOHAMMAD SALIM